# Natural Gas Engine and Vehicle Research, Development and Demonstration

Engine Development

Mark Walls



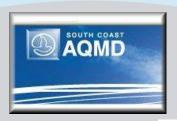
Southwest Research Institute®

San Antonio, Texas

#### NREL Natural Gas Engine and Vehicle Research, Development and Demonstration

(NG RD&D) Program Task A

Southwest Research Institute **National Renewable Energy Laboratory California Energy Commission** South Coast Air Quality Management District **Doosan Infracore** Woodward, Inc. **LA Metro** 



















## NREL Natural Gas Engine and Vehicle Research, Development and Demonstration

- NREL Project Overview
- Path from Lean to Stoich EGR
- Current Status
- Future



### NREL Project Overview

#### Project Objective

 Develop dedicated natural gas engine for initial use in an articulated bus that produces near zero emissions without sacrificing performance or efficiency compared to 2010 diesel engine

#### Project Goals

- NOx: 0.05 g/hp-hr vs. 2010 0.2 g/hp-hr
- PM: near zero
- Performance/Efficiency: 2010 diesel equivalent
- CO2: 15% reduction from current diesel options
- Cost: less than 2010 diesel w/after-treatment
- Secondary goal: NH<sub>3</sub>< 10 ppm</li>



### **Project Overview**



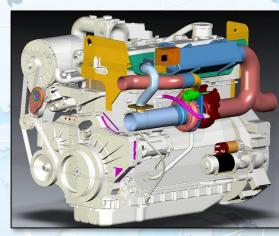
**Production Lean Burn Engine** 

#### Production Engine Modifications

- Lean Burn to Stoichiometric operation
- Cooled EGR
- Advanced Ignition System
- High efficiency turbo matching
- Optimized Aftertreatment
- Optimized in-cylinder turbulence
- Optimized Piston Design
- Optimized Camshaft Profile

#### Testing

- Thermal Analysis
- Structural Analysis
- Steady State and Transient Calibrations
- Durability Testing
- Certify to 2010 emission levels



**Modified Engine** 

#### Task A

#### Engine Brought to Production Levels

- Collaboration with engine OEM and their suppliers
- Engine Integrated into Chassis
  - Collaboration with chassis OEM and their end users
  - Vehicle Emissions Measurements
  - Engine sensor data logging to compare to baseline vehicles





**Chassis Integration** 

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### 2010 Lean Burn Engine

Cert Data

•NMHC = 0.08 g/bHp-hr

 $\cdot NO_x = 0.156 \text{ g/bHp-hr}$ 

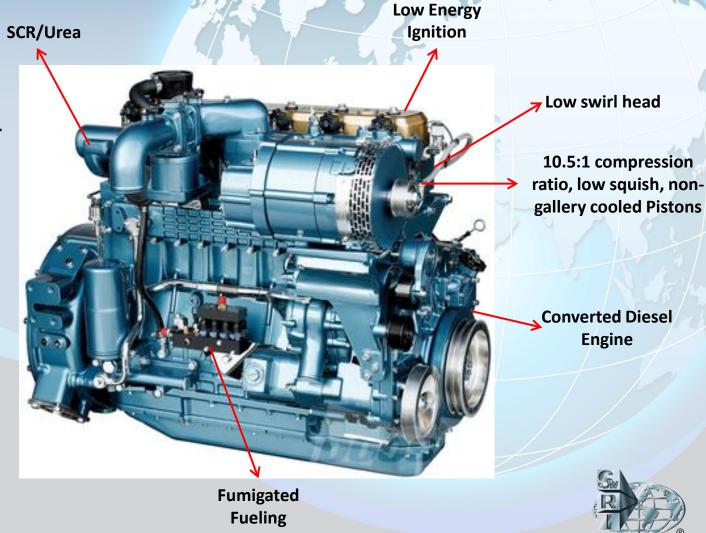
 $\cdot$ CO = 0.08 g/bHp-hr

•NH<sub>3</sub> < 10 ppm

•Power = 220kW

•Torque = 1220Nm

•Peak Efficiency ~ 40%

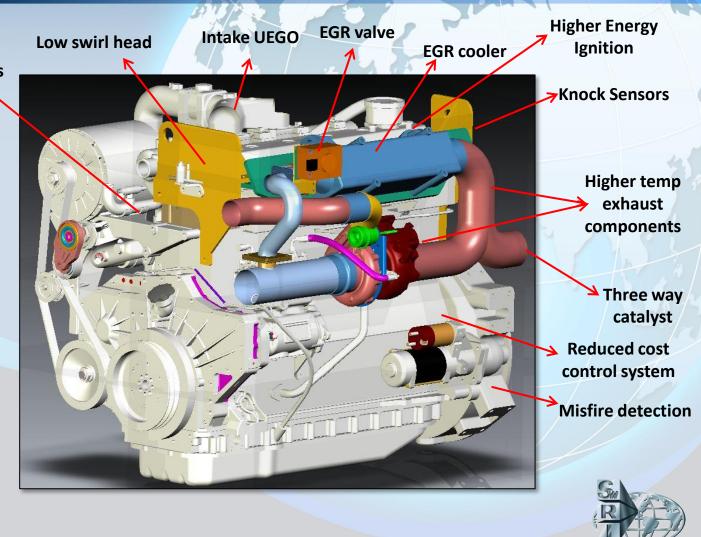


### Stoich EGR Engine

11.5:1 compression ratio, high squish, gallery cooled Pistons

#### Estimated Cert Level

- •NMHC = 0.08 g/bHp-hr
- $\cdot NO_{v} = 0.05 \text{ g/bHp-hr}$
- •CO = 0.1 g/bHp-hr
- •NH<sub>3</sub> < 10 ppm
- •CH<sub>4</sub> lower than lean burn
- •Power = 250kW
- •Torque = 1630Nm
- •18.5 bar BMEP
- •Peak Efficiency = 41%



### **Ignition Selection**

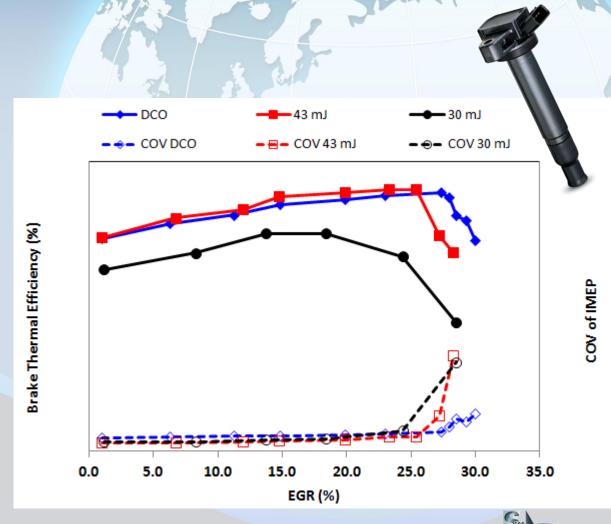
#### Stock Coils

- •30 mJ Peak efficiency at 18% EGR
- •43 mJ Higher peak efficiency at 25% EGR

#### Dual Coil Offset (DCO)

•5-Strike – More EGR tolerance, but no efficiency gain

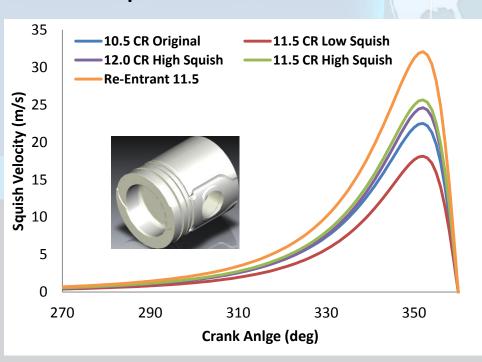


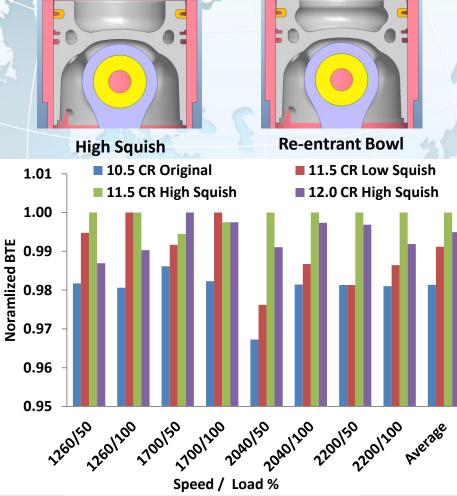


### Piston Selection

#### Piston consideration

- Reduce exhaust temperature
- Improve thermal efficiency
- Improve EGR tolerance



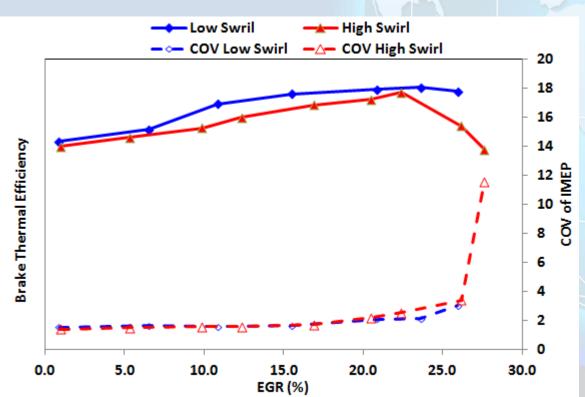




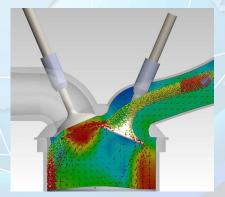
### **Head Selection**

#### High vs. low swirl

- Tried to extend EGR tolerance with high swirl head
- Low swirl head demonstrated similar EGR tolerance with higher volumetric efficiency





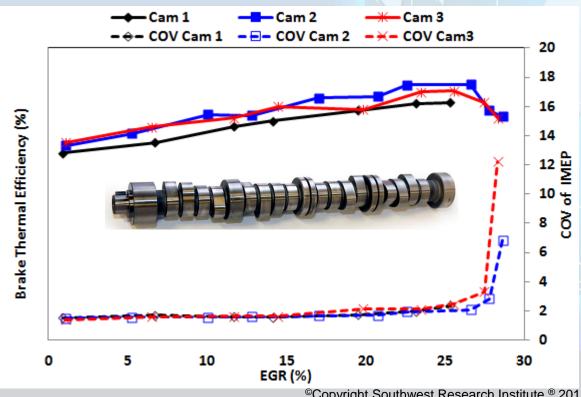


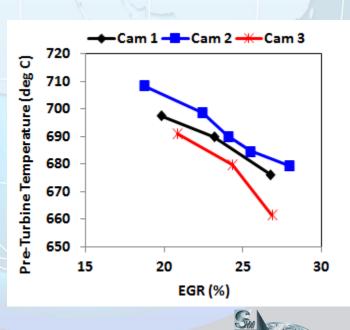


### Cam Selection

#### Cam study

- Reduced overlap from original diesel cam (Cam 2)
- Retarded intake opening to reduce exhaust temperature (Cam 3)
- Small change in efficiency
- Improved material for durability





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### Intake UEGO Selection

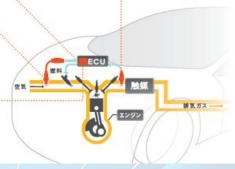
- Intake UEGO for EGR measurement
  - •Typical UEGO were designed for use in the exhaust
  - Issues with using these in the intake
- Intake Specific UEGO
  - NTK ZFAS U2-SM
  - Designed for intake use
  - Currently running in our calibration durability engines











http://entame.ngk-sparkplugs.jp/event/exhibition/1205 hito/product/pdf/06.pdf



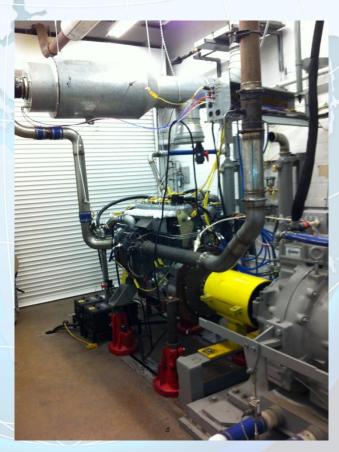
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### **Current Status**

- Engine Calibration 90.37% complete
  - One Engine
  - Working on safeties and engine protection
  - NO<sub>x</sub> / NH<sub>3</sub> tradeoff
- Durability testing started (SWRI Facility)
  - Four engines
  - High coolant temperature test
  - Rated power
  - Thermal shock
  - Preliminary DF Testing
- Certification
  - Two engines
  - DF Testing
  - Certification Testing





### Calibration / Development

- Calibration / Development work is almost complete
  - Almost all of the hardware configuration has been selected
  - Software is production ready
  - Calibration for normal operation is completed, able to run durability tests and even an FTP
  - Further calibrations needed for safety protection
    - Knock and misfire detection
    - Catalyst monitoring
    - Engine manufacturers diagnostics

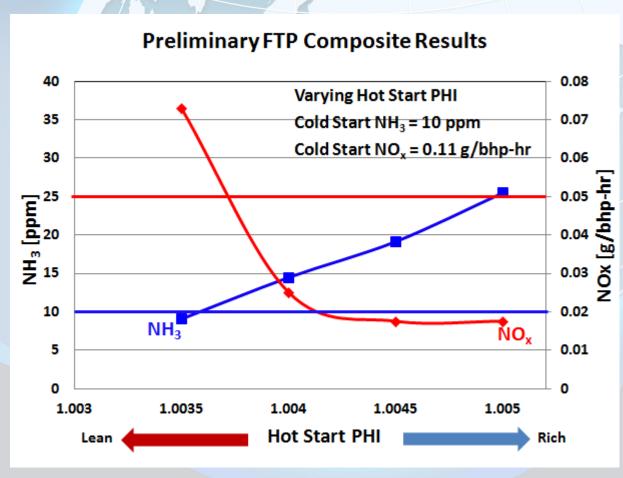


**Calibration Engine** 



### NOx / Ammonia Tradeoff

- Working on controls improvements
  - •Lean / Rich excursions
- Investigating hardware changes
   Multiport injection
- Investigating after-treatment
   Passive SCR or AOC
- CARB project exploring these options on this engine
- 2014 NOx Regulation
  - CARB & EPA No Change from 2010
  - EURO6 = 0.46 g/kW-hr, 10 ppm NH3



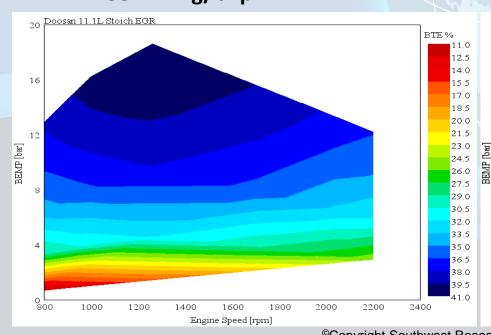


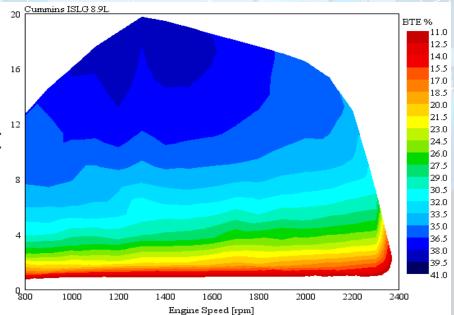
### **Current Status of Efficiency**

#### •Doosan 11.1L

- •Peak Power = 250 kW
- •Peak Torque = 1630 Nm
- •Peak BMEP = 18.6 bar
- •Peak Efficiency = 40.9%
- •NOx = 0.03 g/bhp-hr
- •CO = 2.2 g/bhp-hr

- Cummins Westport 8.9L
  - •Peak Power = 239 kW
  - •Peak Torque = 1356 Nm
  - •Peak BMEP = 19.8 bar
  - Peak Efficiency = 38.7%
  - •NOx = 0.13 bhp-hr
  - •CO = 8.1 g/bhp-hr





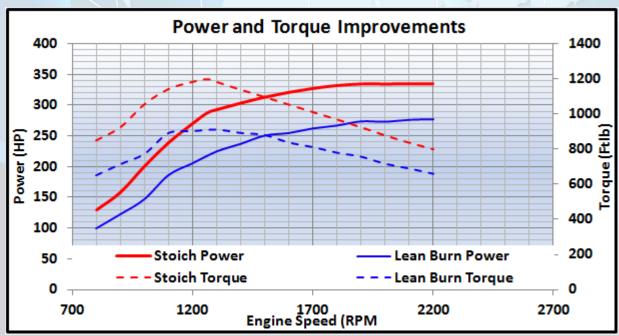
### Lean to Stoich Summary

#### Summary of Part Change

- Higher energy Ignition
- •Increased squish / CR piston
- •Cam
- Exhaust manifold material
- Turbine housing material
- EGR cooler and valve
- Three-way Catalyst
- Crank wheel for misfire
- Knock Sensors
- Retain LS Heads

#### Challenges

- Exhaust temperature
- Piston temperature
- Increased cooling requirements
- EGR measurement
- •EGR water dropout \ corrosion



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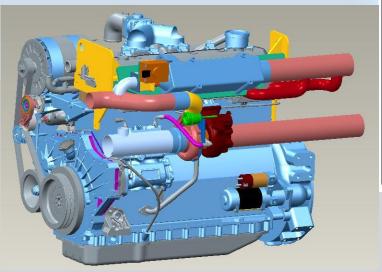
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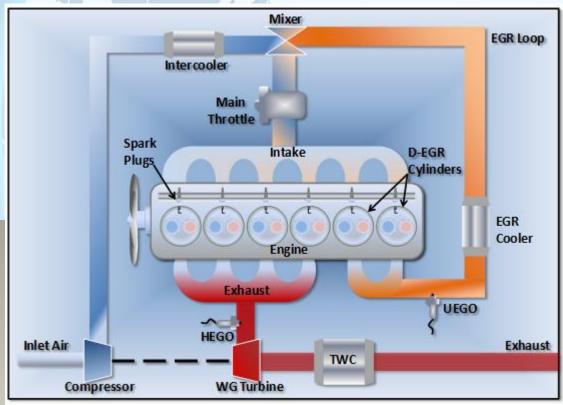


### **Future**

#### Dedicated EGR

- 2 cylinders
- Up to 33% EGR
- BTE approaching 46%
- $NO_x = 0.02 \text{ g/bhp-hr}$
- NH<sub>3</sub> < 10 ppm







### **Thank You**

Mark Walls

mwalls@swri.org

210-522-6880

